

April 25, 2007

The Honorable Bobby Scott  
United States House of Representatives  
1201 Longworth House Office Building  
Washington, DC 20515

Dear Mr. Scott:

In response to Chief Justice John Roberts' *2006 Year-End Report on the Federal Judiciary*, Associate Justice Anthony Kennedy's testimony before the Senate Judiciary Committee, and The National Commission on the Public Service recommendation (the Volcker Commission), we write to express our support for an increase in judicial compensation.

All of the undersigned organizations are strong supporters of civil rights, equal opportunity and diversity. Likewise, we strongly believe that our judiciary should reflect the values and diversity that have shaped our country. It is clear that the number of minority judges in the U.S. judiciary must be increased. Out of 875 authorized appointments, according to the Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts, only six active federal judges are Asian American, 57 Latino, and 91 African American. Among these, there are no Native American judges at all. It should also be noted that there are only 41 minority women who are active federal judges. We fully support Senator Leahy's recent comments on February 7, 2007, which underscored the need for a diverse bench, where he stated "[d]iversity on the bench helps ensure the words 'equal justice under law,' inscribed in Vermont marble over the entrance to the Supreme Court, is a reality and that justice is rendered fairly and impartially.... A more representative judiciary helps cultivate public confidence in the judiciary...."

Judicial compensation is a significant barrier to the recruitment of African American, Asian American, Latino and Native American candidates. As Chief Justice Roberts showed in his recent report, although the average U.S. worker's wages have risen 17.8 percent in real terms since 1969, federal judicial pay has actually declined 23.9 percent after inflation over the same period. In our discussions with minority members of the Bar, the issue of compensation is cited as a significant reason in their decision not to seek a federal bench appointment. Most recently, an Asian American litigation department chair in one of the nation's most prominent law firms carefully considered applying to the bench, but declined because of the pay disparity.

Strong consideration of Chief Justice Roberts' request should be afforded when examining compensation. It is imperative that our federal judiciary be able to recruit a diverse pool of the best

and brightest, and not be hindered by the level of current judicial compensation. The compensation disparity is a significant barrier to achieving this goal.

We hope you will support an increase in compensation for the federal judges.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Karen K. Narasaki". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Karen K. Narasaki  
President and Executive Director

National Co-Signing Organizations:

Hispanic National Bar Association  
Lawyers' Committee for Civil Rights Under Law  
Mexican American Legal Defense and Education Fund (MALDEF)  
Native American Rights Fund  
National Asian Pacific American Bar Association  
National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP)  
National Association of Latino Elected and Appointed Officials  
National Bar Association  
National Congress of American Indians  
National Council of La Raza  
National Native American Bar Association